

# Math 213 Calculus III

## Reading the Text

Read Section 12.4 and 12.6 (we are skipping 12.5) and answer the following questions

1. Is the area of a polar region  $R = \{(r, \theta) \mid a \leq r \leq b, \quad \alpha \leq \theta \leq \beta\}$  equal to  $(b - a) \cdot (\beta - \alpha)$ ?
2. Convert  $\int_{-1}^1 \int_{-\sqrt{1-y^2}}^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} (x^2 + y^2) dx dy$  to polar coordinates.
3. Write an integral that will give the area of a cross-section of the paraboloid  $z = x^2 + y^2$  that for  $z = 9$ .

## Math 213 Class 10: Double Integrals Practice

1.  $\int_0^2 \int_0^2 (x^2 - y^2) dy dx$

2.  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(2x + y) dy dx$

3.  $\int_0^2 \int_1^3 x^3 y dy dx$

4.  $\int_{-1}^1 \int_0^{\pi} x^2 \sin y dy dx$

5.  $\int_0^2 \int_{x^2}^{2x} (x^2 + 2y) dy dx$

## Math 213 Class 10: Double Integrals Practice

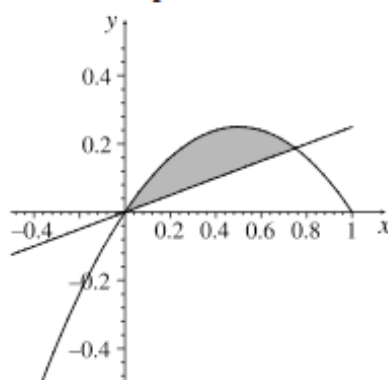
6.  $\int_0^3 \int_0^{\sqrt{9-x^2}} 4x dy dx$

7.  $\int_0^2 \int_0^{x^2} \sqrt{x^3+1} dy dx$

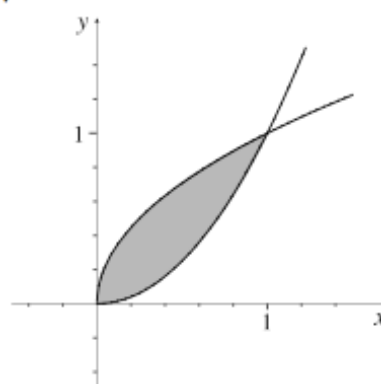
## Math 213 Class 10: Double Integrals and Areas

1. Write double integrals that represent the following areas.

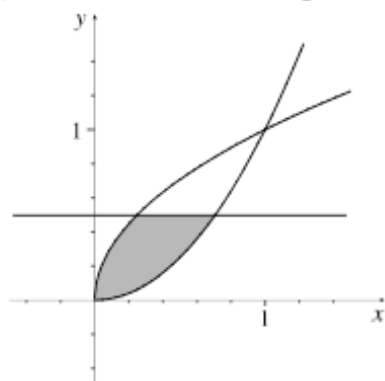
- (a) The area enclosed by the curve  $y = x - x^2$  and the line  $y = \frac{x}{4}$



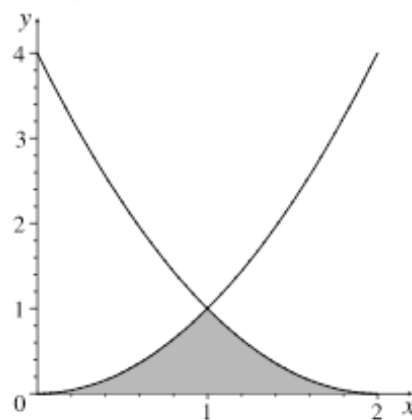
- (b) The area enclosed by the curves  $y = \sqrt[3]{x}$  and  $\sqrt{y} = x$



- (c) The area enclosed by the curves  $y = \sqrt{x}$  and  $\sqrt[3]{y} = x$ , and the line  $y = \frac{1}{2}$



- (d) The area enclosed by the curves  $y = x^2$  and  $y = (x - 2)^2$ , and the line  $y = 0$



2. What solid region of  $\mathbb{R}^3$  do you think is represented by  $\int_{-1}^1 \int_{-\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \sqrt{1-x^2-y^2} dy dx$ ?

### Math 213 Class 10: Double Integrals from Data

For the function whose values are given below,

	<b>x=20</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>60</b>
<b>y=80</b>	77	78	79	81	82
<b>85</b>	82	84	86	88	90
<b>90</b>	87	90	93	96	100
<b>95</b>	93	96	101	107	114
<b>100</b>	99	104	110	120	132

Estimate  $\int_{80}^{100} \int_{20}^{60} f(x,y) dx dy$  using

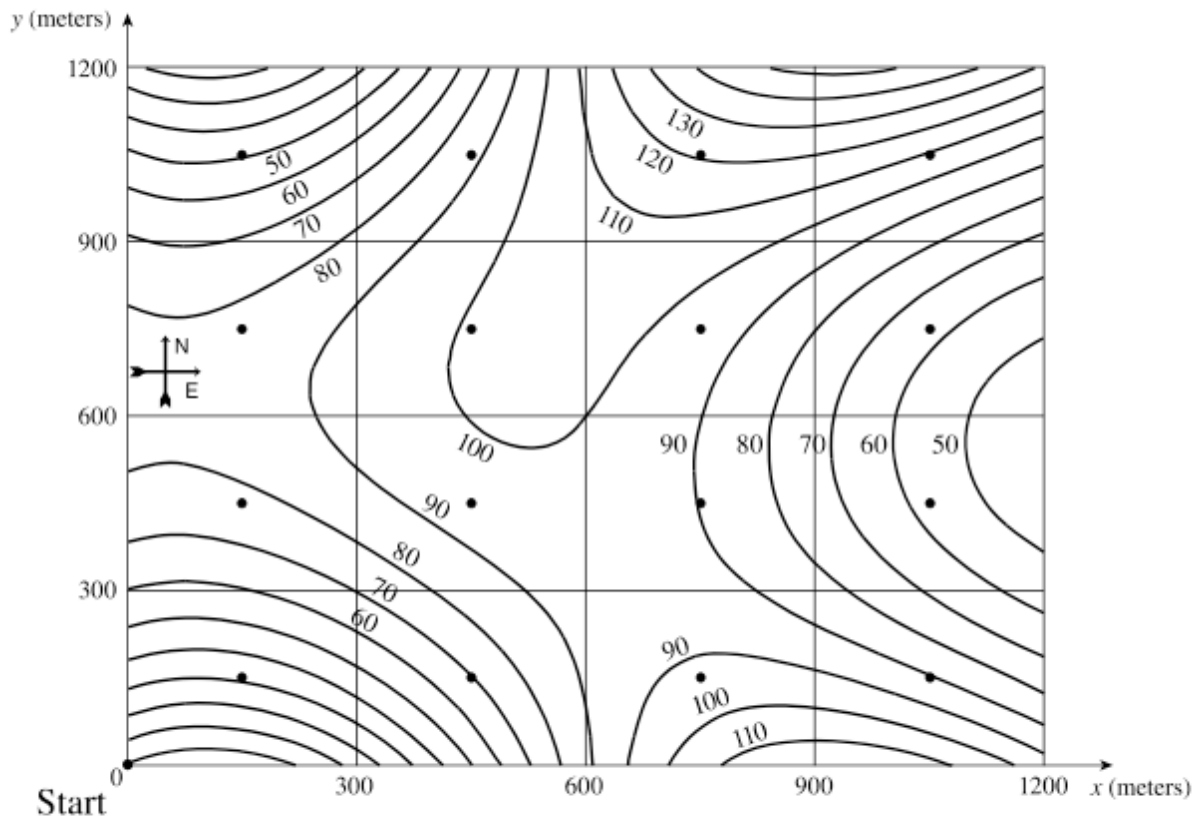
1. midpoints

2. points farthest away from the origin

## Math 213 Class 10: Double Integrals Graphically

### Back to the Park

The following is a map with curves of the same elevation of a region in Orangerock National Park:



Estimate (numerically) the average elevation over this region using the Midpoint Rule.

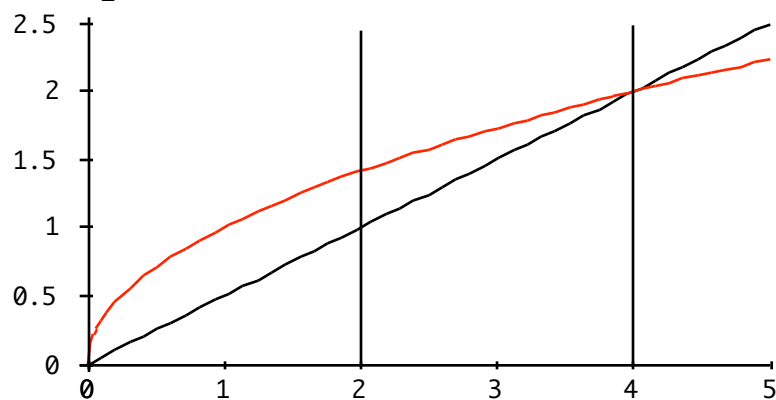
## Math 213 Class 10: Double Integrals: Problems

1. Evaluate the integral:

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^{1+x} (3x + 2y) dy dx$$

2. Integrate  $\iint_R xy \, dA$  where  $R$  is the region bounded by the graphs of

$y = \sqrt{x}$ ,  $y = \frac{1}{2}x$ ,  $x = 2$ ,  $x = 4$  as seen below.



3. Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \int_{\sqrt{y}}^1 \sin(\pi x^3) dx dy$  by reversing the order of integration.

4. Set up an integral for both orders of integration. Do *not* evaluate.

$$\iint_R \frac{y}{x^2 + y^2} dA$$

where  $R$  is the triangle bounded by  $y = x$ ,  $y = 2x$ ,  $x = 2$ .

- a. Sketch the region  $R$ .
- b. Set up the integral for the order:  $dy dx$ .
- c. Set up the integral for the order:  $dx dy$ .